Name: Angel Date: 4/6/17 Period: 5 and 6			
Central Idea and Supporting Details Identification Practice			
<b>Learning Goal:</b> Students will identify the central idea and supporting details of a text then explain their reasoning.  find  tell why			
Directions: Use deep reading strategies to find the central idea and supporting details. Highlight and label the			
<mark>details then <mark>explain</mark> your answer.</mark>			
Topic: The white footed mouse.			
Central Idea: There are many benefits to the white-footed mouse being able to make music.			
Supporting Detail #1: Paragraph #_ 3			
Supporting Detail #2: Paragraph #4			
There are many different kinds of mice. Some are good swimmers; others like to swing from trees by			
their tails. One kind, the white-footed mouse, is not only a good swimmer and tree climber, but it also			
central idea plays music. There are many benefits to the white-footed mouse being able to make music.			
This small, furry creature's body is about 8 inches long, with a tail of 3 inches, and weighs only about			
0.8 ounces. The white-footed mouse also has many different names. For example, some people call			
the white-footed mouse the "wood mouse" because it lives in so many wooded areas in North			
America. Other people call the white-footed mouse the "deer mouse" because it's fur is the			
same colors as a deer's. The white-footed mouse runs along the ground looking for food, like: seeds,			
supporting detail 3 nuts, leaves, bark, and insects. Researcher John McCleary found that the mouse will find a hole in the			
ground and whistle into it, so that it can easily hear if there are little insects to eat.			
Another reason the white-footed mouse is considered to be the musical mouse is because it often			
Thouse reason the white-housed induse is considered to be the musical mouse is because it often			

2.

3. makes a drumming sound. It does this by tapping its paws very fast on a dead leaf or hollow log to supporting detail 1 make a drumming sound. Research says, that the drumming sound is used to communicate with other white-footed mice that are a long way away.

	Although the mouse lives in the woods with many other animals, it is considered to be the most
	interesting of all. The mouse can also create music with its ears. It rubs its ears together to create a supporting detail 2
	sound that can be heard only by other white-footed mice. A study by the University of Davis states that
	the sound from the ears tells the other mice that their is a bad animal close.
ļ	So the next time you're in the woods, walk quietly. There might be a white-footed mouse nearby, and
	you would not want to interrupt a mouse in the middle of its song.
	_Explanation
	The <b>central idea</b> of the article isthere are many benefits to the white-footed mouse being able to make music.
	becuase the article is mostly about _the white footed mouse being able to make music.
	The <b>first supporting detail</b> in the article is research says that the drumming sound is used to communicate with other
	white -footed mice that are a long way away.
	because it is talking about sound that is used to communicate with other white footed mice that a long way away.

The second supporting detail in the article is a study by the university of Davis states that the sound from the ears
tells the other mice that their is a bad animal close.
because it is talking about _the university of Davis states that the sound from the ears tells the other mice that their is a
bad animal close.
The third supporting detail in the article is researcher John McCleary found that the mouse will find a hole in the ground
and whistle into it, so that it can easily hear if there are little insects.
because it is talking about there are little insects to eat.